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Grand Dictionnaire Universel [du XIXe Siecle]
Francais: A-Z 1805-76 Walter de Gruyter
GmbH & Co KG

Because of the great importance of acid catalysis in the petrochemical industry, extensive research has been carried out during the last 30 years concerning the fundamental and applied aspects of catalysis by acids. In contrast, base-catalyzed reactions have received little attention in

heterogeneous catalysis. The aim of this symposium was to evaluate our knowledge of the important area of acid and base catalysis and to cover a broad range of solids, zeolite chemistry being only one aspect of heterogeneous catalysis.

Œuvres Elsevier

List of members in v. 1.

Oeuvres de Messire Antoine Arnauld

"Bibliographic references to works pertaining to the taxonomy of Coleoptera published between 1758 and 1900 in the non-periodical literature are listed. Each reference includes the full name of the author, the year or range of years of the publication, the title in full, the publisher and place of publication, the pagination with the number of plates, and the size of the work. This information is followed by the date of publication found in the work

itself, the dates found from external sources, and the libraries consulted for the work.

Overall, more than 990 works published by 622 primary authors are listed. For each of these authors, a biographic notice (if information was available) is given along with the references consulted"--[p. 1].

Histoire naturelle des îles Canaries

This open access book explores commentaries on an influential text of pre-Copernican astronomy in Europe. It features essays that take a close look at key intellectuals and how they engaged with the main ideas of this qualitative introduction to geocentric

cosmology. Johannes de Sacrobosco compiled his *Tractatus de sphaera* during the thirteenth century in the frame of his teaching activities at the then recently founded University of Paris. It soon became a mandatory text all over Europe. As a result, a tradition of commentaries to the text was soon established and flourished until the second half of the 17th century. Here, readers will find an informative overview of these commentaries complete with a rich context. The essays explore the educational and social backgrounds of the writers. They also detail how their careers developed after the publication of their commentaries, the institutions and patrons they were affiliated with, what their agenda was, and whether and how they actually accomplished it. The editor of this collection considers these scientific commentaries as genuine

scientific works. The contributors investigate them here not only in reference to the work on which it comments but also, and especially, as independent scientific contributions that are socially, institutionally, and intellectually contextualized around their authors.

L' A B C de l'apiculture

This book investigates the role of the Latin language as a vehicle for science and learning from several angles. First, the question what was understood as 'science' through time and how it is named in different languages, especially the Classical ones, is approached. Criteria for what did pass as scientific are found that point to 'science' as a kind of Greek *Denkstil* based on pattern-finding and their unbiased checking. In a second part, a brief diachronic panorama introduces schools of thought and authors who wrote in Latin from antiquity to the present. Latin's heydays in this function are clearly the time between the twelfth and eighteenth centuries. Some niches where it was used longer are examined and reasons sought

why Latin finally lost this lead-role. A third part seeks to define the peculiar characteristics of scientific Latin using corpus linguistic approaches. As a result, several types of scientific writing can be identified. The question of how to transfer science from one linguistic medium to another is never far: Latin inherited this role from Greek and is in turn the ancestor of science done in the modern vernaculars. At the end of the study, the importance of Latin science for modern science in English becomes evident.

Histoire naturelle des Iles Canaries

Dictionnaire de la conversation et de la lecture

Oeuvres de messire Antoine Arnauld, docteur de la Maison et société de Sorbonne. Tome premier \- quarante-deuxième!

La Sainte Bible en latin et en français accompagnée de préfaces, de dissertations, de notes explicatives, et de réflexions morales tirées en partie de Dom Calmet, l'abbé de Vence, Menochius, Carrières, de Sacy, et autres auteurs

Oeuvres complètes (y compris la perpétuité de la foi et la vie de l'auteur)

Histoire naturelle des coléoptères de France

Latin as the Language of Science and Learning

Transactions

Collectio judiciorum de novis erroribus, qui ab initio duodecimi seculi post incarnationem Verbi, usque ad annum 1632 in ecclesia proscripti sunt et notati

Novitius seu Dictionarium latino-gallicum ...

Dictionnaire de la Conversation et de la Lecture. (W. Duckett, directeur de la Rédaction. 52 tom. Supplément, etc.).

Osiris

Journal de l'instruction publique

Biographie Universelle Classique. Biographie Universelle, Ou Dictionnaire Historique, Etc

L'Ouvrier